

Sixth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2014 **Microprocessors**

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 100

> Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part. 2. Make suitable assumptions for any missing data.

PART - A

- 1 Determine the appropriate register/memory locations that are used to compute the 5 digit hex address when the processor needs to address the contents of
 - Data segment memory.
 - ii) Program segment memory.
 - Stack segment memory. iii)
 - Extra segment memory. iv)

(08 Marks)

Explain the flag register of the processor in accordance with the respective bit positions.

Write an 8086 assembly code to copy the contents of flag register into accumulator register following any arithmetic or logical operation. (07 Marks)

- 2 Explain the meaning of the following independent bits of 8086 assembly instruction templates: i) W-bit; ii) d-bit; iii) v-bit; iv) s-bit; v) z-bit. (10 Marks)
 - Write an optimum number of assembly instructions for the following objectives. Also indicate the type of addressing mode used in each case.
 - Shift the contents of accumulator register 4 bits left.
 - Rotate the contents of base register right by 2 bits. ii)
 - Divide the contents of accumulator register by 2. iii)
 - Multiply the contents of base register by 4. iv)
 - v) If AL register contains a two digit BCD number, display the same on monitor using necessary DOS interrupts. (10 Marks)
- Consider that a symbolic memory address 'DISPTBL' contains a BCD to seven segment 3 code starting from 4000H to 400AH. Design an assembly code to meet the following objectives:
 - Send a message to screen 'PRESS ANY KEY 0 to 9'. i)
 - Read the key pressed from the key board. ii)
 - If invalid key is found, the program to loop back to step (i) with a suitable warning iii) message.
 - On correct key press, compute BCD to 7 segment code and store into memory location iv) "DISPCODE'.
 - Use XLAT assembly instruction to achieve your objective. v)
 - Design a suitable flow diagram to show your approach. vi)

(10 Marks)

- b. i) Differentiate between the usage of assembler directives MACRO and PROCEDURE.
 - Develop a suitable MASM code to display minimum of 3 different line text message ii) by using MACRO directive and PRINTF as macro name. (10 Marks)

- 4 a. With reference to the internal architecture of 8086 processor, explain:
 - i) The different external sources external sources of hardware interrupts.
 - ii) How the processor checks to see an interrupt have been occurred.
 - iii) List of major actions performed to process an interrupt. (10 Marks)
 - b. Explain the following internal interrupts generated within the processor while executing the program:
 - i) TYPE-0 divide by zero interrupt.
 - ii) TYPE-1 single step interrupt.

(10 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. With respect to programmable peripheral interface (PPI) 8255A:
 - i) Draw a neat block schematic showing its functional description.
 - ii) Draw mode definition format the control word.
 - iii) Explain various possible modes of operation.

(10 Marks)

- b. Design an 8255 based event counting system. Port A is connected to 8LEDs and Port B is connected to a toggling switch having 2 positions for binary and BCD. Draw the interfacing diagram and a program for binary or BCD count as selected by switch. Given that the control port address is 50B3, assume safe current to glow each LED is 25mA. A suitable delay between counts is considered.

 (10 Marks)
- 6 a. What is meant by numeric data processor 8087 (NDP)? What are the benefits of interfacing the same with the host processor? (04 Marks)
 - b. Explain briefly the role played by the following pins of 8087 during interaction.
 - i) Bus high enable (BHE/S7).
 - ii) Status pins $(\overline{s2}, \overline{s1}, \overline{s0})$.
 - iii) Request/Grant $(\overline{RQ}/\overline{GT})$.

(06 Marks)

- c. Consider the given decimal number 178.625 convert it into
 - i) Short real format (single precision representation).
 - ii) Long-real format (double precision representation).

(04 Marks)

- d. Write a program to calculate the volume of a sphere having radius of the sphere is specified. The result is to be stored in the memory location VOLUME. Volume of a sphere is given by (4/3) * (Pi) *(r**3).
- 7 a. Draw a schematic diagram when 8086 processor is operating in maximum mode configuration. (06 Marks)
 - b. Explain the function performed by pins exclusive for minimum mode configuration.
 - i) HOLD and HLDA; ii) M/IO; iii) \overline{RD} ; iv) \overline{WR} ; v) MN/\overline{MX} . (08 Marks)
 - What is meant by PCI bus system? List out the significant characteristics of the PCI bus system.
- 8 a. Explain the memory bank system architecture for the 80386DX microprocessor with a block schematic. Explain how interleaved memory system is used for speed improvement.

(10 Marks)

b. Draw the block schematic of the control register of 80386 microprocessor and explain the following special control bits of operation i) PG; ii) ET; iii) TS; iv) EM; v) MP; vi) PE.

(10 Marks)

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